

Federal Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations [Edgar Part 86]

CONCORDIA UNIVERSITY, IRVINE ANNUAL POLICY NOTIFICATION/DISTRIBUTION

At Concordia University, Irvine we are concerned with the health and welfare of our students, employees, and community. We believe that the dissemination of accurate information is vital to prevention of alcohol abuse and other drug related challenges. The intention of this document is to inform you about some of the health and legal consequences relative to the use and abuse of alcohol and other drugs.

Polices - Alcohol, Other Drugs, and Weapons

As an academic community, Concordia University, Irvine is committed to providing an environment in which learning and scholarship can flourish. The possession or use of illegal drugs, or the abuse of those which may otherwise be legally possessed, seriously affects the University environment, as well as the individual potential of our students and employees to succeed. The University enforces state and federal laws and related University policies, including those prohibiting the following activities on campus:

- A. Providing alcoholic beverages to individuals under 21 or possession or consumption of alcoholic beverages by individuals under 21.
- B. Distribution, possession, or use of illegal drugs or controlled substances.
- C. Possession of firearms or other dangerous weapons.

The abuse of alcohol and other drugs by students, regardless of age and of location (on-campus or off-campus), is prohibited by the Student Conduct Code. The University can, and will, impose disciplinary sanctions for violations. Students are also subject to local, state, and federal laws. Separate policies addresses violations by University employees.

The University strongly encourages students and employees to voluntarily obtain assistance for dependency or abuse problem before such behavior results in an arrest and/or disciplinary referral which might result in their separation from the institution.

The use of, or addiction to, alcohol, marijuana, or controlled substances is not considered an excuse for violations of the Student Conduct Code or Employment policies, and will not be a mitigating factor in the application of appropriate disciplinary sanctions for such violations.

Help is available both on campus and within the community for students and employees who are dependent on, or who abuse the use of alcohol or other drugs. The Wellness Center is available to assist and refer students to treatment services. Students may be seen on an emergency walk-in basis or by appointment. The Wellness Center is located on the first floor of the Student Union building (by the mail room). Center hours are Monday – Friday: 9:00 a.m. – 4:00 p.m. The Center can be contacted by telephone at 949-214-3102 or on-line at www.cui.edu/wellness.

Concordia's Employee Assistance Program (EAP) is available for Concordia Health Plan members to provide consultation and referral services (866) 726-5267. Additionally, Pastoral Support Network (PSN) offers counseling and support services to Concordia Health Plan members with a particular sensitivity to the unique issues ministers and their families may experience (888) 712-1805. These agencies will maintain the confidentiality of persons seeking help for personal dependency and will not report them to institutional or state authorities. The Office of the Dean of Students (949) 214-3056 provides educational and awareness programming, information, and assistance to students.

Student Sanctions - Alcohol, Other Drugs, and Weapons

Underage students confronted by the institution for the consumption of alcohol will face disciplinary sanctions ranging from an alcohol education class to removal from the residence halls.

Students whose use of alcohol or drugs results in harm or the threat of harm to themselves or others, or to property, regardless of the location of the incident, may face disciplinary action by the University up to and including expulsion.

Testing for the presences of illegal substances may be a condition of any probationary status imposed by the University for Violations of drug-related provisions of this policy. Any student with a positive result, as described above, may face disciplinary action by the University up to and including expulsion. To read more about CUI's policies and procedures regarding drug testing, refer to the Student-Athlete Handbook.

As members of the University community, students are also subject to local, state and federal laws. Arrest and prosecution for alleged violations of such laws may result from the same incident for which the University imposes disciplinary sanctions.

Employee Sanctions

CUI prohibits the possession, use, manufacture, dispensing, and/or distribution of alcohol and/or illegal drugs including medicinal marijuana, or being impaired by or under the influence of alcohol and/or illegal drugs, during work time or on university-owned property. An illegal drug is any drug that is not legally obtainable or that is legally obtainable but has not been legally obtained or is being misused or abused. In addition to the academic and work environment, this prohibition applies to all activities sponsored by CUI whether on university-owned property or other locations. This policy does not apply to the authorized use of alcohol at university-sponsored events. As part of the larger community, CUI is subject to, abides by, and supports local ordinances and state and federal laws.

Violations of this prohibition by employees may result in the application of sanctions, including possible required participation in an approved drug abuse assistance or rehabilitation program, and disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment under applicable University policies and/or employment contracts.

Summary of State Laws Concerning Possession/Distribution of Controlled Substances

California State Laws

Students and employees should be familiar with California laws governing the consumption of alcohol. The following summarizes some of the state laws relevant to students and employees:

- It is illegal for persons under the age of 21 to possess an alcoholic beverage in any public place or any place open to the public (CA Bus. & Prof. Code §25662).
- Any person who furnishes, gives or sells any alcoholic beverage to someone under the age of 21 is guilty of a misdemeanor (CA Bus. & Prof. Code §25658(a)).
- Any person under the influence of alcohol in a public place and unable to exercise care for one's own safety or that of others is guilty of a misdemeanor (CA Penal Code §647(f)).
- It is illegal for persons to operate a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or other intoxicants or with a blood alcohol level of .08% or higher (CA Veh. Code §23152).
- It is a misdemeanor to ride a bicycle under the influence of alcohol, drugs or both (CA Veh. Code §21200.5).
- It is an infraction to possess an open container of an alcoholic beverage while in a motor vehicle (CA Veh. Code §23223).
- It is an infraction for an owner or driver of a motor vehicle to allow an open container of alcohol in the passenger area (CA Veh. Code §23225).

California penalties for offenses involving controlled substances include Cal. Health & Safety Code §11350 Imprisonment in the county jail or state prison, and fine not to exceed \$70 or probation with fine for felony convictions of at least \$1,000 for the first offense and at least \$2,000 for second or subsequent offenses or community service for unlawful possession of controlled substances.

The following is a list of some of the state sanctions for driving while under the influence of alcohol (or any other drug):

- First conviction: Imprisonment in the county jail for not less than 96 hours, at least 48 hours which are continuous, nor more than six months and by a fine of not less than \$390 nor more than \$1,000 and except as otherwise provided suspension of privilege to operate motor vehicle (CA Veh. Code §23536).
- Conviction of driving under the influence with or without bodily injury within ten years

of certain other felony convictions including vehicular manslaughter and driving under the influence: Imprisonment in state prison or in the county jail for not more than one year and a fine of not less than \$390 nor more than \$1,000 and revocation of privilege to operate a motor vehicle (CA Veh. Code §23550.5).

- Driving under the influence causing bodily injury: Imprisonment in state prison or county jail for not less than 90 days nor more than one year and a fine of not less than \$390 nor more than \$1,000 and suspension of privilege to operate a motor vehicle (CA Veh. Code §23554).

- Driving under the influence causing bodily injury or death to more than one victim: Enhancement of one year in state prison for each additional injured victim up to a maximum of three one year enhancements (CA Veh. Code §23558).

- Second conviction of driving under the influence causing bodily injury within ten years or conviction within ten years of separate conviction of other specified offenses involving alcohol or drugs: Imprisonment in the county jail for not less than 120 days nor more than one year and a fine of not less than \$390 nor more than \$5,000 and revocation of privilege to operate a motor vehicle (CA Veh. Code §23560).

Federal Drug Laws

The possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs is prohibited by federal law. Strict penalties are enforced for drug convictions, including mandatory prison terms for many offenses. The following information, although not complete, is an overview of federal penalties for first convictions. All penalties are doubled for any subsequent drug conviction.

Denial of Federal Aid (20 USC 1091)

Under the Higher Education Act of 1998, students convicted under federal or state law for the sale or possession of drugs will have their federal financial aid eligibility suspended. This includes all federal grants, loans, federal work study programs, and more. Students convicted of drug possession will be ineligible for one year from the date of the conviction of the first offense, two years for the second offense, and indefinitely for the third offense. Students convicted of selling drugs will be ineligible for two years from the date of the first conviction, and indefinitely for the second offense. Those who lose eligibility can regain eligibility by successfully completing an approved drug rehabilitation program.

Forfeiture of Personal Property and Real Estate (21 USC 853)

Any person convicted of a federal drug offense punishable by more than one year in prison shall forfeit to the United States any personal or real property related to the violation, including houses, cars, and other personal belongings. A warrant of seizure is issued and property is seized at the time an individual is arrested on charges that may result in forfeiture.

Federal Drug Trafficking Penalties (21 USC 841)

Penalties for federal drug trafficking convictions vary according to the quantity of the controlled substance involved in the transaction. The following list is a sample of the range and severity of federal penalties imposed for first convictions. Penalties for subsequent convictions are twice as severe.

If death or serious bodily injury result from the use of a controlled substance which has been illegally distributed, the person convicted on federal charges of distributing the substance faces mandatory life sentence and fines ranging up to \$8 million.

Persons convicted on federal charges of drug trafficking within 1,000 feet of a University (21 USC 845a) face penalties of prison terms and fines which are twice as high as the regular penalties for the offense, with a mandatory prison sentence of at least 1 year.

Drug/Substance	Amount	Penalty - 1st Conviction
Barbiturates	Any amount	Up to 5 years prison. Fine up to \$250,000
Cocaine	5 kgs. or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million
	Less than 100 grams	10-63 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million
Crack Cocaine	50 grams or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million
	5-49 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million
	5 grams or less	10-63 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million
Ecstasy	Any amount	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million. 3 years of supervised releases (following prison)
GHB	Any amount	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million. 3 years of supervised releases (following prison)
Hashish	10-100 kg	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million.
	10 kg or less	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000
Hash Oil	1-100 kg	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million.
	1 kg or less	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000
Heroin	1 kg or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million
	100-999 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million

	100 grams or less	10-63 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million
Ketamine	Any amount	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000. 2 years supervised release
LSD	10 grams or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million
	1-10 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million
Marijuana	1000 kg or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million
	100-999 kg	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million
	50-99 kg	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million
	50 kg or less	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000
Methamphetamine	50 grams or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million
	10-49 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million
	10 grams or less	10-21 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million
PCP	100 grams or more	Not less than 10 years prison, not more than life. Fine up to \$4 million
	10-99 grams	Not less than 5 years prison, not more than 40 years. Fine up to \$2 million
	10 grams or less	10-21 months prison. Fine up to \$1 million
Rohypnol	1 gram or more	Up to 20 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$1 million
	less than 30 mgs	Up to 5 years imprisonment. Fine up to \$250,000

Federal Drug Possession Penalties (21 USC 844)

Persons convicted on Federal charges of possessing any controlled substance face penalties of up to 1 year in prison and a mandatory fine of no less than \$1,000 up to a maximum of \$100,000. Second convictions are punishable by not less than 15 days but not more than 2 years in prison and a minimum fine of \$2,500. Subsequent convictions are punishable by not less than 90 days

but not more than 3 years in prison and a minimum fine of \$5,000. Possession of drug paraphernalia is punishable by a minimum fine of \$750.

Special sentencing provisions for possession of crack cocaine impose a mandatory prison term of not less than 5 years but not more than 20 years and a fine up to \$250,000, or both if:

- A. It is a first conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 5 grams;
- B. It is a second conviction and the amount of crack possessed exceeds 3 grams;
- C. It is a third or subsequent crack conviction and the amount exceeds 1 gram.

Penalties of up to \$10,000 may also be imposed for possession of small amounts of controlled substances, whether or not criminal prosecution is pursued.

Counseling and Treatment

Short term alcohol and other drug counseling is available on campus to students through The Wellness Center (949) 214-3102. Students may be referred through the Wellness Center to other treatment programs for more intensive treatment. Through Concordia's Human Resources department, the Employee Assistance Program (EAP) (866) 726-5267 offers Concordia Health Plan employees additional education and counseling, as well as appropriate referrals. Within Orange County, the following substance abuse counseling agencies exist: Aliso Viejo Alcohol & Drug Abuse Services (949) 643-6930, Santa Ana Alcohol & Drug Abuse Services (714) 480-6660, and the Roque Center (714) 952-4032. These agencies provide a variety of services which may include intake/evaluation, detox, chemical dependency programs and adult outpatient services. Interested individuals are encouraged to contact each agency for additional information regarding specific services and costs.

Prevention and Education

Through the Office of the Dean of Students (949) 214-3056, the Center for Student Leadership and Development (949) 214-3059 and other departments and offices, a variety of educational presentations, campus events, and interventions designed to prevent and reduce alcohol and other drug use/abuse are offered to the Concordia community. As mandated by the Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Act, this policy is distributed to all students and employees on an annual basis, and during every even year, a biennial review of the comprehensive alcohol and other drug program is conducted. For more information concerning current programs, interventions and policies, contact Dean of Students, Gilbert Fugitt at gilbert.fugitt@cui.edu or (949) 949-214-3056.

Health Risks of Commonly Abused Substances

Substance	Nicknames/Slang Terms	Short Term Effects	Long Term Effects
Alcohol		slurred speech, drowsiness,	toxic psychosis, physical dependence,

		headaches, impaired judgment, decreased perception and coordination, distorted vision and hearing , vomiting, breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, coma, blackouts,	neurological and liver damage, fetal alcohol syndrome, vitamin B1 deficiency, sexual problems, cancer, physical dependence
Amphetamines	uppers, speed, meth, crack, crystal, ice, pep pills	increased heart rate, increased blood pressure, dry mouth, loss of appetite, restlessness, irritability, anxiety	delusions, hallucinations, heart problems, hypertension, irritability, insomnia, toxic psychosis, physical dependence
Barbiturates and Tranquilizers	barbs, bluebirds, blues, yellow jackets, red devils, roofies, rohypnol, ruffies, tranqs, mickey, flying v's	slurred speech, muscle relaxation, dizziness, decreased motor control	severe withdrawal symptoms, possible convulsions, toxic psychosis, depression, physical dependence
Cocaine	coke, cracks, snow, powder, blow, rock	loss of appetite increased blood pressure and heart rate, contracted blood vessels, nausea, hyper-stimulation anxiety, paranoia, increased hostility Increased rate of breathing, muscle spasms and convulsions. dilated pupils disturbed sleep,	depression, weight loss, high blood pressure, seizure, heart attack, stroke, hypertension, hallucinations, psychosis, chronic cough, nasal passage injury, kidney, liver and lung damage
Gamma Hydroxy Butyrate	GHB, liquid B, liquid X, liquid ecstasy, G, georgia homeboy, grievous bodily harm	euphoria, decreased inhibitions, drowsiness, sleep, decreased body temperature, decreased heart rate,	memory loss, depression, severe withdrawal symptoms, physical dependence, psychological dependence

		decreased blood pressure	
Heroin	H, junk, smack, horse, skag	euphoria, flushing of the skin, dry mouth, “heavy” arms and legs, slowed breathing, muscular weakness	constipation, loss of appetite, lethargy, weakening of the immune system, respiratory (breathing) illnesses, muscular weakness, partial paralysis, coma, physical dependence, psychological dependence
Ketamine	K, super K, special K	dream-like states, hallucinations, impaired attention and memory, delirium, impaired motor function, high blood pressure, depression	Urinary tract and bladder problems, abdominal pain, major convulsions, muscle rigidity , increased confusion, increased depression, physical dependence, psychological dependence
LSD	acid, stamps, dots, blotter, A-bombs	dilated pupils, change in body temperature, blood pressure and heart rate, sweating, chills, loss of appetite, decreased sleep, tremors, changes in visual acuity, mood changes	may intensify existing psychosis, panic reactions, can interfere with psychological adjustment and social functioning, insomnia, physical dependence, psychological dependence
MDMA	ecstasy, XTC, adam, X, rolls, pills	impaired judgment, confusion, confusion, blurred vision, teeth clenching, depression, anxiety, paranoia, sleep problems, muscle tension	same as LSD, sleeplessness, nausea, confusion, increased blood pressure, sweating , depression, anxiety, memory loss kidney failure, cardiovascular problems, convulsions

			death, physical dependence, psychological dependence
Marijuana/Cannabis	pot, grass, dope, weed, joint, bud, reefer, doobie, roach	sensory distortion, poor coordination of movement, slowed reaction time, panic, anxiety	bronchitis, conjunctivas, lethargy, shortened attention span, suppressed immune system, personality changes, cancer, psychological dependence, physical dependence possible for some
Mescaline	peyote cactus	nausea, vomiting, anxiety, delirium, hallucinations, increased heart rate, blood pressure, and body temperature,	lasting physical and mental trauma, intensified existing psychosis, psychological dependence
Morphine/Opiates	M, morf, duramorph, Miss Emma, monkey, roxanol, white stuff	euphoria, increased body temperature, dry mouth, “heavy” feeling in arms and legs	constipation, loss of appetite, collapsed veins, heart infections, liver disease, depressed respiration, pneumonia and other pulmonary complications, physical dependence, psychological dependence
PCP	crystal, tea, angel dust, embalming fluid, killer weed, rocket fuel, supergrass, wack, ozone	shallow breathing, flushing, profuse sweating, numbness in arms and legs, decreased muscular coordination, nausea, vomiting, blurred vision, delusions, paranoia, disordered thinking	memory loss, difficulties with speech and thinking, depression, weight loss, psychotic behavior, violent acts, psychosis, physical dependence, psychological dependence

Psilocybin	mushrooms, magic mushrooms, shrooms, caps, psilocybin & psilocyn	nausea, distorted perceptions, nervousness, paranoia,	confusion, memory loss, shortened attention span, flashbacks may intensify existing psychosis,
Steroids	roids, juice	increased lean muscle mass, increased strength, acne, oily skin, excess hair growth, high blood pressure	Cholesterol imbalance, anger management problems, masculinization or women, breast enlargement in men, premature fusion of long bones preventing attainment of normal height, atrophy of reproductive organs, impotence, reduced fertility, stroke, hypertension, congestive heart failure, liver damage, psychological dependence

ON-CAMPUS RESOURCES/INFORMATION

Office of Campus Safety	(949) 214-3000
Office of Dean of Students	(949) 214-3056
Employee Assistance Program	(866) 726-5267
Office of Student Conduct	(949) 214-3050
The Wellness Center	(949) 214-3102

OFF-CAMPUS RESOURCES/INFORMATION

Aliso Viejo Alcohol & Drug Abuse Services– Outpatient substance abuse treatment	(949) 643-6930 www.ochealthinfo.com/bhs/about/aoabh/clinics
Santa Ana Alcohol & Drug Abuse Services– Outpatient substance abuse treatment	(714) 480-6660

	www.ochealthinfo.com/bhs/about/aoabh/clinics
The Roque Center – Detox and 12-Step Meetings	(714) 952-4032 www.roquecenter.org/
Irvine Police Department – Emergency	911
Irvine Police Department – Non - Emergency	(949) 724-7000 www.cityofirvine.org/irvine-police-department
Orange County’s Attorney’s Office	(714) 834-3600 www.orangecountyda.org

In accordance with Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, no individual shall be discriminated against on the basis of disability in the full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, privileges, advantages, or accommodations of the University. Further, no qualified individual with a disability shall, by reason of such disability, be excluded from participation in or be denied the benefits of the services, programs, or activities of the University or be subjected to discrimination by the University.